

Earth Science Museum, 3215 W. Bethany Home Rd., Phoenix, AZ 85017 www.earthsciencemuseum.org, scote@earthsciencemuseum.org, 602-973-4291 February 2023 Volume 12, Issue 2

ESM OUTREACH UPDATE

Mardy Zimmermann, Outreach Coordinator

Lynne Wheeler, ESM member and member of the Payson Rimstones Rock Club, made arrangements with a home school group in Pine, AZ, to give them three different presentations. Using ESM teaching materials, the first presentation was about minerals and their uses, the second about rocks and the third about fossils & fluorescents.



The evening after Lynne's presentation about minerals & their uses, the little girl at the end of the table (shown above) told her mom that she was surprised rocks helped her brush her teeth. She is only 3!

On February 21st, Richard Zimmermann and Bill Yedowitz worked with other Superstition Mountain Museum's stamp mill crew, to demonstrate their stamp mill and explain procedures in the assay office to a group of 3rd grade students.

While part of the 3rd grade group were waiting for their turn to visit the assay office, Mardy let the students examine and ask questions of the rocks, minerals and crystals she brought.





Mardy was very pleased with the students' response to touching the rocks and minerals. Both the boys and girls were excited to examine the crystals.

Page 2 Earthquake

A New Addition to the ESM Volcanic Rocks & Minerals Display - A Volcanic Valentine By Harvey Jong

The ESM's Volcanic Rocks and Minerals display was last presented at the Pinal Gem and Mineral Show on March 14, 2020 just before such public events were shut down by the pandemic. Due to the uncertainty about how this hands-on activity might resume in the future, no new specimens have been added to the exhibit until now. The rather unusual nature and shape of this specimen suggested that it should be included in the display.

The new addition is a heart-shaped piece of reticulite from Hilo, Hawai`i. Reticulite is a type of tephra or lava fragment ejected by lava fountains.



Lava Fountain, Pu'u 'Ō'ō Vent, East Rift Zone, Kilauea Volcano USGS photo, - PD - , via USGS.gov

The September 1984 eruption reached a height of 450 m (1,475 ft). Reticulite was produced by this lava fountain along with fountains in 1959 at Kilauea Iki and in 1969 at Mauna Ulu.

Reticulite is an extreme, delicate form of pumice and was called "thread-lace scoria" by the famous American mineralogist, James Dana¹. It has a density less than pumice since its air bubbles have all burst, and the material is held together by glassy threads. Due to the resulting high porosity, it sinks in water.



USGS Geologist, Don Swanson, Demonstrates That Reticulite Sinks, Rather Than Floats, In Water Stan Mertzman photo, - PD - , via USGS.gov

Reticulite is often associated with a fibrous form of basaltic glass, "Pele's Hair", which is named after Pele, the Hawaiian Goddess of Volcanoes. These pyroclastic materials are so light that they are often carried many miles downwind from an eruption site.

.

¹ James Dana was the geologist of the U.S. South Seas Exploring Expedition of 1838-1842. He observed active Hawaiian volcanoes and made pioneering contributions on their eruptive style and on the overall geology of the Hawaiian Islands. See Appleman (1987) for more information on Dana's involvement with the expedition.



Annotated Map of Hawaiian Volcanoes

National Park Service map, - PD - , via
Wikimedia Commons

The Kilauea volcanoes are located 30 km (19 mi.) from the town of Hilo. The collecting site of the new reticulite isn't known, but being around the vicinity of Hilo represents a rather remarkable travel distance.



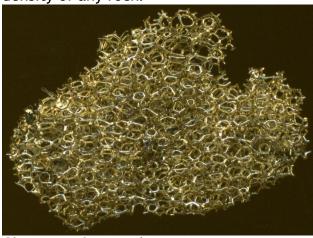
Pele's Hair on the Curbs of the Halema'uma'u Crater Parking Lot USGS photo, - PD - , via USGS.gov The 2012 Kilauea eruption produced about a meter wide accumulation of Pele's Hair.

Vesicles are the small holes that develop when lava cools and forms volcanic rock. Their size, number, and distribution provide important information about the magma and eruption conditions of a volcano. In the case of reticulite, up to 98% of its total volume may be occupied by vesicles.



Reticulite Sample

Photo by J. D. Griggs, USGS, - PD - , via Wikimedia Commons Kilauea volcano, Hawai`i Reticulite forms during vigorous lava fountaining and has the lowest average density of any rock.



Close-up of Reticulite

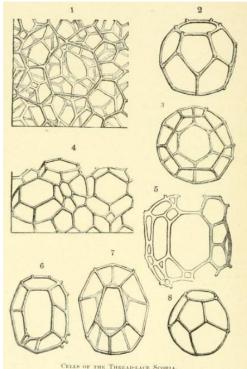
James St. John photo, - CC_BY_SA-2.0 - , via Wikimedia Commons Kilauea volcano, Hawai`i This sample, which is 18mm (0.71 in.) across, shows the complex three-dimensional honeycomb structure which results from the bursting of cell walls against one another.

The vesicles of reticulite samples from the 1984-1986 Kilauea eruptions have been reported to have diameters less than a few hundredths of a centimeter, while the number densities may be as high as 10⁵ per cubic centimeter (Mangan and Cashman, 1996). The vesicle number density scales

Page 4 Earthquake

with the height and intensity of lava fountains (Stovall et al., 2012).

The formation of reticulite has been suggested as being analogous to the popping of popcorn (Rust and Cashman, 2006). However, instead of happening in a microwave, the popping action may occur around a height of 400 m (1312 ft.) and at a temperature of 1200° C (2192° F). Bubbles start nucleating in magma in a nearinstantaneous manner and rapidly expand to produce a foam phase. The foam ascends through a lava fountain and experiences a near-instantaneous rupture and quenching throughout the foam. The resulting structure consists of a network 12- to 14sided polyhedral cells where the faces may be hexagonal, pentagonal, or quadrilateral. James Dana documented the shapes of these cells in his 1890 book Characteristics of Volcanoes.



Shape of Thread-Lace Scoria (Reticulite)
Cells

James Dana drawing from Dana (1890) - PD - , via archive.org

Below are some photos of the reticulite specimen that has been added to the ESM display.



ESM's "Heart of Reticulite" Specimen Harvey Jong photo Hilo, Hawai`i

The specimen is approximately 3 cm wide, 3 cm high, and weighs about 1 gram. The thickness is estimated to vary from 5 to 10 mm. (Note that due to its extremely fragile nature along with the unfortunate choice of cotton batting in the specimen box, no attempt was made to pick up the reticulite for a better measurement or to change the background for photography.)

The sample includes a few fibers of "Pele's hair", while "Pele's tears", black drops of lava, and are present on the upper left side and on the back.



Image: Pele's_hair_of_Hawaii.jpg Cm3826 photo, - CC_BY_SA-4.0 International - , via Wikimedia Commons



Image: PeleTears_large.jpg
Jim D. Griggs, HVO (USGS) staff
photographer, - PD - , via Wikimedia
Commons
Kilauea volcano, Hawai`i
Collected a few kilometers downwind from
Mauna Ulu, along the Hilina Pali Road



Close-up of the "Heart of Reticulite" Specimen Harvey Jong photo, field of view: 13 mm Hilo, Hawai`i

This close-up view of the bottom portion of the specimen shows the intricate framework of polyhedral cells. The black areas indicate how some Pele's tears are entangled with the reticulite.

References

Appleman, D.E. (1987) James D. Dana and the origins of Hawaiian volcanology: the U.S. exploring expedition in Hawaii, 1840-41. U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1350: Chapter 60, 1607-1618.

Dana, J.D. (1890) Characteristics of Volcanoes. Dodd, Mead, and Company, New York, NY. 399 p.

Mangan, M.T. and K.V. Cashman (1996) The structure of basaltic scoria and reticulite and inferences for vesiculation, foam formation, and fragmentation in lava fountains. *Journal of Volcanology and Geothermal Research*: 73(1-2), 1-18.

Rust, A.C. and K.V. Cashman (2006) Reticulite, scoria, and lava: foam formation in Hawaiian fire fountain eruptions. *American Geophysical Union, Fall Meeting* 2006, abstract id. V43-1778.

Stovall, W.K, B.F. Houghton, J.E. Hammer, S.A. Fagents, and D.A. Swanson (2012) Vesiculation of high fountaining Hawaiian eruptions: episodes 15 and 16 of 1959 Kilauea Iki. *Bulletin of Volcanology* 74: 441-455.

 $\Diamond \Diamond \Diamond$

Page 6 Earthquake



AZ Mining, Mineral & Natural Resources Education Museum Update February 2023

https://ammnre.arizona.edu/

Catie Carter Sandoval cscarter@email.arizona.edu 703.577.6449

Help support the museum at:

http://tinyurl.com/SupportMM-NREMuseum

Gem and Mineral Show season is always our favorite time of year, and this past month was no exception. As we have done for the past few years, we participated as a Special Exhibitor for the Tucson Gem and Mineral Show at the Tucson Convention Center, which ran from Thursday February 9th to Sunday February 12th. The show theme was "SILICA - Agates and Opals and Quartz, Oh My!" Our case included beautiful specimens



of Arizona silica, including quartz and amethyst, agate cabochons, fire agate, petrified wood, and apache tears (>70% silica). We also contributed a piece of petrified wood to the shared Society of Mineral Museum Professionals case. At the show, we polled several visitors about their favorite specimen from the case and the overwhelming answer was the beautiful fire

agate from Mohave County (pictured). Fire



agate is iridescent rainbow red botryoidal chalcedony. It is associated with volcanic deposits and can be found in different locations across Arizona and the southwest. While it's not necessarily uncommon, this was an exceptional specimen with beautiful colors and shapes. It was originally donated by Don Schaefer.



Show visitor photographing the fire agate, one of our most popular specimens in the case.



University of Arizona mineral museum cases: Alfie Norville Gem and Mineral Museum (left) and AMMNRE Museum (right)

Another thing we did in February was continue our educational outreach elementary and high school-aged students in the Phoenix area. On February 8th, we participated in Science Night at a local charter school with our version of egg carton minerals, adapted from Marty Zimmermann and ESM's famous long-running activity. We provided kids with six-count egg cartons and twelve different specimens to choose from: quartz var. amethyst, quartz var. chalcedony, calcite, gypsum, mica. glauberite pseudomorph, azurite and chrysocolla (copper ore), pyrite, fossil coral, volcanic cinders, apache tears, and rhyolite. We received over 200 students at our station - a great turnout! We will certainly continue this activity in our future outreach. Thanks to Dick and Mardy for helping with the specimens and inspiring us.



Fossil coral, one of the options available at our egg carton setup.





Students and their families enjoying the egg carton activity at Science Night

Stay tuned for more news about our museum development and working with the new design-build team. Exciting updates to come! Thank you!



Arizona Rocks 117 Text and photos by Ray Grant

Placer gold is gold that erodes from the lode deposits. Because gold is heavy and resistant to weathering, it is preserved and forms placer deposits. These deposits will be around the lode areas and eventually move to rivers. In the past there has been commercial placer mining at a number of places in the state; some with large gold dredges.



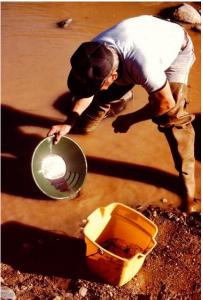
Commercial gold dredge placer mining gold on Big Bug Creek near Mayer, photograph from 1970s

Today placer gold recovery is mainly a hobby. When water is present, flakes and nuggets are recovered by sluicing and panning. If there is no water, dry washing is used. A dry washer blows air and vibrates the sediment over a set of riffles or by spinning the sediment separates the heavy gold from the lighter material. For larger nuggets, metal detectors are used and much of Arizona has been searched by metal detector.



Mechanical sluice box to process faster, nonmechanical sluice boxes are also available

Gold panning is a recreational activity for many people, the equipment needed (a



gold pan) inexpensive and there many places open to the public for panning. But be to check sure that an area is open as there are placer claims and trespassing is frowned upon. You can join a prospecting club as there are gold several prospecting

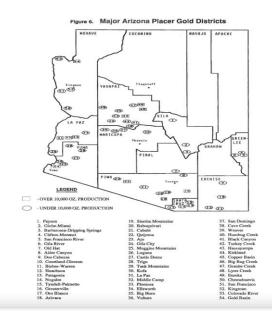
clubs and groups in Arizona. I have gone gold panning and after driving a few hours and working many hours, I have a few small pieces of gold worth a couple of dollars. So I say, good for exercise and fresh air, and of course always the hope for a big nugget.



PLACER DEPOSITS

Formation of placer deposits from a lode gold deposit (Earth Science Australia)

There are three good publications about Arizona placers available on the Arizona Geological Survey website: Gold Placers and Placering in Arizona, Arizona Bureau of Geology Bulletin 168, reprinted in 1981; Placer gold Deposits of Arizona, USGS Bulletin 1355, 1972; and Gold Panning in Arizona, Mineral Report No. 7, 1990. These list hundreds of places where placer gold has been found.



Map of commercial gold deposit areas in Arizona from Mineral Report 7 available at Arizona Geological Survey website

One of the most famous placer gold localities in Arizona is Rich Hill, Yavapai County. In May 1862, Pauline Weaver and Abraham Peeples with some other men were prospecting in the area near Rich Hill based on reports by some local Native Americans. After some days of searching a few of the party went searching for their horses that had strayed during the night. They found a hilltop covered with gold nuggets (Rich Hill). There were chunks of gold as big as potatoes all over the ground. In the weeks and months that followed there was a gold rush to the area. During this time Pauline Weaver was bringing in twenty-five pounds of gold a week. And in the first five years it is estimated that 25,000 ounces of gold were found in and around Rich Hill. In the last couple of years I have been shown some nice nuggets up to several inches that were found recently at Rich Hill. This is because better metal detectors that penetrate deeper are available now.

GOOD HUNTING!



Gold nugget found recently at Rich Hill using a metal detector.



Page 10 Earthquake



Pinal Museum and Society News

351 N. Arizona Blvd., Coolidge, AZ
Pinal Geology and Mineral Society meeting
March 15, 2023

www.pinalgeologymuseum.org
Ray Grant ray@pinalgeologymuseum.org
The Museum is open from 11 to 4,
Wednesday through Saturday

Masks are now optional at the Museum. Please bring your own mask if you wish to wear one. We will have some masks on hand at the Museum, but cannot guarantee to provide them.

We've been holding in-person meetings since September, with a wide range of speakers. Meetings are the third Wednesday at 7pm, doors open at 6:30.

We're also hosting special days at the museum, running member-only field trips, and have greatly expanded our newsletter.

On Saturday, March 11, our annual show returns. Vendor information can be gotten from Richard Sichling, or email info@pinalgeologymuseum.org. Richard will be representing us at the Flagg show in Mesa.

Annual Show

Saturday March 11

11-4

351 N Arizona Blvd, Coolidge AZ
(enter on W Pima)

Free Parking Free Admission Museum Open
Vendors, Activities,
Volcano Demos

2023 DAISY MOUNTAIN GEM & MINERAL SHOW



KIDS CORNER Events & Games

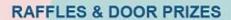
VENDORS

Jewelry, Gems, Minerals, Fossils, Beads, Geodes and More

Saturday, March 11th 9am – 5pm Sunday, March 12th 10am – 4pm

ANTHEM SCHOOL 41020 N. Freedom Way Anthem, AZ 85086

Adults \$3, Seniors & Students \$2 Kids 12 & under Free



FLUORESCENT DISPLAY

FACETING

"DR. ROCK" Identify your Favorite Rock



Sponsored by: DAISY MOUNTAIN ROCK AND MINERAL CLUB DMRMC.COM

For more information contact: Claudia Marek (623)640-8290

Email: cmarek2@cox.net



Page 12 Earthquake



APACHE JUNCTION ROCK AND GEM CLUB

SPRING 2023 JEWELRY, GEM, ROCK & MINERAL SHOW

Saturday, March 4 – 9am – 5pm Sunday, March 5 – 9am – 4pm LOCATION

Mesa Community College (Parking Lot) 1401 S. Dobson Road Mesa, AZ. 85202

We have rocks, gems, jewelry, fossils, minerals, jewelry supplies, rare and unusual crystals from vendors throughout the state. Vendors will be set up under the solar panel covered area in the parking lot.

30th Annual Arizona Mineral Symposium Celebrating the Field Collector

When: March 31 & April 1, 2023

Where: L'Arizona Mining, Mineral & Natural

Resources Education Museum

1502 W. Washington Phoenix, Arizona

Cost: \$75.00 for members.

\$85.00 for non-members.

Includes symposium proceedings,

snacks and lunch.

List of speakers and topics

Gary Fleck - The Grey Horse Variadinite discovery
Graham Sutten - Collecting advertures around the world

Tony Patucek - San Pedro Mins, New Mexics

Jeff Smith - The geode localities of Trances and Las Chayas, Chinuahua, Mexico

Steve Scott - Apex Mine, St. George, Litati

Jeff Scovil - Quarries and Pegmatites of Connecticut

John Rakovan - Rhode Island Amethyst and collecting in Japan

Barbara Mentyan - Duray, Colorado quartz localities

Jeff Langland - Arizona Fossi's

Stan Colestian - Educational Kits for School Chridren, A Project of the Daisy Mountain Mineral Club

We will have 4 to 6 dealers as well.

Friday afternoon - We hope to have a series of short presentations by students from MCC, ASU and other colleges. Additional presentations and a possible Seturday night dinner and auction are also in the works.

Continue to check the website for updates and the final schedule.

flaggmineralfoundation.org



Apache Junction Rock & Gem Club

Meetings are on the 2nd Thursday
Next Meeting: March 9, 2023, 6:30 pm

www.ajrockclub.com

@ Club Lapidary Shop

2151 W. Superstition Blvd., Apache Jct.



Daisy Mountain Rock & Mineral Club

Meetings are on the 1st Tuesday (unless a Holiday then 2nd Tuesday) Next Meeting: March 7, 2023, 6:30 p.m.

Please go to their website for more info www.dmrmc.com

@ Anthem Civic Building3701 W. Anthem Way, Anthem, AZ



Maricopa Lapidary Society, Inc

Meetings are on the 1st Monday (unless a Holiday then 2nd Monday) Next Meeting: March 6, 2023, 7:00 pm www.maricopalapidarysociety.com @ North Mountain Visitor Center 12950 N. 7th St., Phoenix



Mineralogical Society of Arizona

Meetings are on the 3rd Thursday (Except December) Next Meeting: March 16, 2023, 5:00 pm

Please go to their website for more information

www.msaaz.org

@ Franciscan Renewal Center Room: Padre Serra5802 E. Lincoln Dr., Scottsdale



Pinal Geology & Mineral Society

Meetings are on the 3rd Wednesday Next Meeting: March 15, 2023, 7:00 pm In person meeting

www.pinalgeologymuseum.org
@ Artisan Village
351 N. Arizona Blvd., Coolidge



West Valley Rock & Mineral Club

Meetings are on the 2nd Tuesday
Next Meeting: March 14, 2023, 6:30 pm
www.westvalleyrockandmineralclub.com
@ Buckeye Community Veterans Service
Center
402 E. Narramore Avenue, Buckeye, AZ



Gila County Gem & Mineral Society

Meetings are on the 1st Thursday (unless a Holiday then the next Thursday) Next Meeting: March 2, 2023, 6:30 pm www.gilagem.org Club Building 413 Live Oak St, Miami, AZ



Wickenburg Gem & Mineral Society

Meetings are on the 2nd Friday
(February & December on the 1st Friday)
Next Meeting: March 10, 2023, 7:00 pm
www.wickenburggms.org
@ Coffinger Park Banquet Room
175 E. Swilling St., Wickenburg

Page 14 Earthquake

ESM's Meeting Notice

ESM's next meeting will be at North Mountain Visitor Center, 12950 N. 7th St., Phoenix, on Tuesday, TBA 2023, at 6:30 p.m.

BECOME A MEMBER! Join the Earth Science Museum's



IS IT TIME TO RENEW YOUR MEMBERSHIP?
Please renew today! @@@

ESM Earth Science Investigation Team Membership Form New Member Renewal	
New Mellibel	_ Nellewal
Membership levels:	
ESI Family \$20	
ESI Individual \$10	

Membership benefits:

- ♦ Monthly e-newsletter *Earthquake*
- ◆ Official team membership card
- Knowledge that your contribution is making a difference in earth science education.

MANY THANKS TO OUR MAJOR DONORS!

AZ Leaverite Rock & Gem Society

Flagg Mineral Foundation www.flaggmineralfoundation.org

Friends of the AZ Mining & Mineral Museum

Maricopa Lapidary Society http://maricopalapidarysociety.com/

Mineralogical Society of AZ www.msaaz.org

Payson Rimstones Rock Club Sossaman Middle School

White Mountain Gem & Mineral Club www.whitemountain-azrockclub.org

Wickenburg Gem & Mineral Society http://www.wickenburggms.org

www.facebook.com/pages/Wickenburg-Gem-and-Mineral-Society/111216602326438

West Valley Rock and Mineral Club
http://www.westvalleyrockandmineralclub.com/
Staples Foundation
www.staplesfoundation.org

Anita Aiston
Peter & Judy Ambelang
Stan & Susan Celestian
Russ Hart
Will & Carol McDonald
Debbie Michalowski
Janet Stoeppelmann
Dennis & Georgia Zeutenhorst

cut here
Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Email:
Phone Number:
Mail form & payment to: Earth Science Museum 3215 W. Bethany Home Rd., Phoenix, AZ 85017 For Office Use Only
Card given/mailed:
Database updated: ☐ Distribution Lists updated: ☐
Card ID # Expires:

Earth Science Museum

3215 W. Bethany Home Rd. Phoenix, AZ 85017

Phone:

602-973-4291

Editor E-Mail:

scote@earthsciencemuseum.org

We're on the Web!

Visit us at:

www.earthsciencemuseum.org

Mission

Our Mission is to excite and inspire all generations about earth sciences through educational outreach.

Vision

We envision a community where students and the general public have curiosity about, passion for, and understanding of the underlying principles of earth sciences.

For more information about the ESM, how to become a member or how to arrange for a school visit or Community function, go to: www.earthsciencemuseum.org.

NOTICE:

ESM's next meeting will be at North Mountain Visitor Center, 12950 N 7th St, Phoenix, on Tuesday, TBA 2023, at 6:30 p.m.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR CONTINUING INTEREST & SUPPORT!!!

EARTH SCIENCE MUSEUM NON-PROFIT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Harvey Jong President
Mardy Zimmermann VP Outreach
Shirley Coté Secretary/
Treasurer

Cindy Buckner, Doug Duffy, Ray Grant, Bob Holmes, Chris Whitney-Smith Earth Science Museum 3215 W. Bethany Home Rd. Phoenix, AZ 85017

